ICD-10-CM Professional for Physicians

The complete official code set

Codes valid from October 1, 2018 through September 30, 2019
Lymphogranulomatis (malignant) (see also Lymphoma, Hodgkin)
benign (Boeck's sarcoid) (Schaumann's) D86.1

Lymphohistiocytosis, hemophagocytic (familial) D76.1

Lymphoid — see condition
Lymphoma
of (malignant) C88.6

Lymphangitis — Madness Index
D63 Anemia in chronic diseases classified elsewhere

D63.0 Anemia in neoplastic disease
- Code first neoplasm (C00-D49)
- Anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy (D64.81)
- Aplastic anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy (D61.1)

D63.8 Anemia in other chronic diseases classified elsewhere
- Code first underlying disease, such as:
  - D64.0 Hereditary sideroblastic anemia
  - D64.2 Secondary sideroblastic anemia due to drugs and toxins
  - D64.3 Other sideroblastic anemias
  - D64.89 Other specified anemias
  - D65 Disseminated intravascular coagulation (defibrination syndrome)
  - Aplastic anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy (D61.1)

D63.1 Anemia in chronic kidney disease
- Erythropoietin resistant anemia (EPO resistant anemia)
- Code first underlying chronic kidney disease (CKD) (N18.-)

D63.2 Anemia in chronic kidney disease
- Coagulation defects, purpura and other hemorrhagic conditions

D63.3 Anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy

D63.4 Anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy

D63.5 Anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy

D63.6 Anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy

D63.7 Anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy

D63.8 Anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy

D63.9 Anemia, unspecified

D64 Other anemias

D64.0 Hereditary sideroblastic anemia

D64.1 Secondary sideroblastic anemia due to disease

D64.2 Secondary sideroblastic anemia due to drugs and toxins

D64.3 Other sideroblastic anemias

D64.4 Congenital dyserythropoietic anemia

D64.8 Other specified anemias

D64.81 Anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy

D64.82 Anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy

D64.83 Anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy

D64.84 Anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy

D64.85 Anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy

D64.86 Anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy

D64.87 Anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy

D64.88 Anemia due to antineoplastic chemotherapy

D64.89 Other specified anemias

D65 Disseminated intravascular coagulation (defibrination syndrome)

D65.1 Disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC)

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D65.7 Disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC)

D65.8 Disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC)

D65.9 Disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC)

D68 Other coagulation defects

D68.0 Von Willebrand's disease

D68.1 Hereditary factor VIII deficiency

D68.2 Hereditary factor IX deficiency

D68.3 Hemorrhagic disorder due to circulating anticoagulants

D68.31 Hemorrhagic disorder due to intrinsic circulating anticoagulants, antibodies, or inhibitors

D68.311 Acquired hemophilia

AHA: Abnormal coagulation profile (R79.1)

Coagulation defects complicating abortion or ectopic or molar pregnancy (O88.8, O88.1)

Coagulation defects complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium (O48.5, O48.6, O48.7, O72.3)

Hemophilia A

Hemophilia B

Plasma thromboplastin component (PTC) deficiency

Plasma thromboplastin antecedent (PTA) deficiency

Abnormal blood coagulation caused by deficient blood factor VIII; congenital; symptoms include excess or prolonged bleeding.

Hemophilia C

Plasma thromboplastin antecedent (PTA) deficiency

Hemophilia C

Plasma thromboplastin antecedent (PTA) deficiency

Abnormal coagulation profile (R79.1)

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Chapter 10. Diseases of the Respiratory System (J00–J99)

Chapter Specific Guidelines with Coding Examples

The chapter specific guidelines from the ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting have been provided below. Along with these guidelines are coding examples, contained in the shaded boxes, that have been developed to help illustrate the coding and/or sequencing guidance found in these guidelines.

a. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and asthma

1) Acute exacerbation of chronic obstructive bronchitis and asthma

The codes in categories J44 and J45 distinguish between uncomplicated cases and those in acute exacerbation. An acute exacerbation is a worsening or a decompensation of a chronic condition. An acute exacerbation is not equivalent to an infection superimposed on a chronic condition, though an exacerbation may be triggered by an infection.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J20.2</td>
<td>Acute bronchitis due to streptococcus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J44.8</td>
<td>Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with acute lower respiratory infection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J44.1</td>
<td>Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with (acute) exacerbation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Explanation: ICD-10-CM uses combination codes to create organism-specific classifications for acute bronchitis. Category J44 codes include combination codes with severity components, which differentiate between COPD with acute lower respiratory infection (acute bronchitis), COPD with acute exacerbation, and COPD without mention of a complication (unspecified).

An acute exacerbation is a worsening or a decompensation of a chronic condition. An acute exacerbation is not equivalent to an infection superimposed on a chronic condition, though an exacerbation may be triggered by an infection, as in this example.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J45.42</td>
<td>Moderate persistent asthma with status asthmaticus</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Explanation: Category J45 Asthma includes severity-specific subcategories and fifth-character codes to distinguish between uncomplicated cases, those in acute exacerbation, and those with status asthmaticus.

b. Acute respiratory failure

1) Acute respiratory failure as principal diagnosis

A code from subcategory J46.2, Acute respiratory failure, or subcategory J96.2, Acute and chronic respiratory failure, may be assigned as a principal diagnosis when it is the condition established after study to be chiefly responsible for the admission to the hospital, and the selection is supported by the Alphabetic Index and Tabular List. However, category-specific coding guidelines (such as obstetrics, poisoning, HIV, newborn) that provide sequencing direction take precedence.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J96.81</td>
<td>Acute respiratory failure with hypoxia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J44.1</td>
<td>Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with (acute) exacerbation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Explanation: Category J96 classifies respiratory failure with combination codes that designate the severity and the presence of hypoxia and hypercapnia. Code J96.81 is sequenced as the first-listed diagnosis, as the reason for the encounter. Respiratory failure may be assigned as a principal diagnosis when it is the condition established after study to be chiefly responsible for the encounter and the selection is supported by the Alphabetic Index and Tabular List.

2) Acute respiratory failure as secondary diagnosis

Respiratory failure may be listed as a secondary diagnosis if it occurs after admission, or if it is present on admission, but does not meet the definition of principal diagnosis.

Prepared by the American Medical Association, 2019.
**Chapter 19. Injury, Poisoning, and Certain Other Consequences of External Causes**

### S06 Intracranial injury

#### 7th character D and S do not apply to codes in category S06 with 6th character 7 – death due to brain injury prior to regaining consciousness, or 8 – death due to other cause prior to regaining consciousness.

#### 7th characters D and S do not apply to codes in category S06 with 6th character 7 – death due to brain injury prior to regaining consciousness, or 8 – death due to other cause prior to regaining consciousness.

#### The appropriate 7th character is to be added to each code from category S06.

- A: initial encounter
- D: subsequent encounter
- S: sequela

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**S06.0 Concussion**

- **Coma state**
  - concussion with intracranial injuries classified in subcategories S06.0 to S06.81, S06.82, code to specified intracranial injury

**S06.1 Traumatic cerebral edema**

- Diffuse traumatic cerebral edema
- Focal traumatic cerebral edema

**S06.2 Diffuse traumatic brain injury**

- Diffuse axonal brain injury

**S06.3 Focal traumatic brain injury**

- any condition classifiable to S06.4-S06.6

**S06.4 Other injuries of unspecified duration to the head or skull**

- head injury NOS (S09.90)

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**Sample Page**

920

ICD-10-CM 2019